

PART I
CITIZENSHIP CLASSES GUIDELINES

1. OF WHAT BRANCH OF STATE GOVERNMENT IS THE GOVERNOR A PART, EXECUTIVE, JUDICIAL OR LEGISLATIVE?
2. CHECK THE APPLICABLE DEFINITION FOR "TAXES."
3. PLACE AN "X" IN FRONT OF THE WORDS WHICH PROPERLY DESCRIBE THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.
4. WHAT IS THE NAME OF THE UPPER HOUSE OF CONGRESS HAVING TWO MEMBERS FROM EACH STATE?
5. OF WHICH BRANCH OF GOVERNMENT IS A MEMBER OF THE STATE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A PARTY?
6. WHICH DEFINITION APPLIES TO "DOMESTIC TRANQUILLITY"?
7. WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR REPRESENTATION IN THE UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES?
8. CAN A PERSON BE FINED FOR LEAVING THE SCENE OF AN AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT?
9. A UNITED STATES SENATOR IS ELECTED FOR A TERM OF HOW MANY YEARS?
10. WHAT IS THE CORRECT MEANING OF "JUDICIAL POWER"?
11. FOR AN AMENDMENT TO THE U. S. CONSTITUTION TO BECOME EFFECTIVE IT MUST BE APPROVED BY?
12. WHAT IS A CONGRESSMAN SERVING IN THE LOWER HOUSE OF CONGRESS CALLED?
13. WHICH DEFINITION APPLIES TO "CONSTITUTION"?
14. THE STATE TREASURER IS A MEMBER OF WHICH BRANCH OF STATE GOVERNMENT, JUDICIAL, EXECUTIVE OR LEGISLATIVE?
15. CAN A PERSON BORN OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES BE ELECTED TO THE SENATE?
16. WHO CAN PASS LAWS CONCERNING CRIMES COMMITTED ON SHIPS AT SEA?
17. THE VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IS ELECTED FOR A TERM OF HOW MANY YEARS?
18. WHAT BODY DETERMINES THE DAY ON WHICH PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS CAST THEIR VOTE, THE CONGRESS OR STATE LEGISLATURE?
19. THE "SUPREME LAW OF THE LAND" IS?
20. IN WHAT HOUSE OF CONGRESS IS EQUAL SUFFRAGE PROVIDED FOR EACH STATE?
21. CAN CONGRESS PROPOSE AMENDMENTS TO THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION?
22. WHAT PORTION OF THE MEMBERSHIP OF EACH HOUSE OF CONGRESS CONSTITUTES A QUORUM?
23. WHO CAN DECLARE WAR?
24. BY WHAT ACTION CAN A HOUSE OF CONGRESS EXPEL A MEMBER?
25. IF A PERSON IS REMOVED FROM PUBLIC OFFICE FOR COMMISSION OF A CRIME, CAN HE ALSO BE TRIED IN A CRIMINAL COURT FOR THE SAME CRIME?
26. REMOVAL FROM OFFICE BY LEGAL PROCEEDINGS IS CALLED?
27. THE CONSTITUTION REQUIRES THAT A CENSUS OF POPULATION BE TAKEN EVERY HOW MANY YEARS?
28. BY WHAT BODY ARE POST OFFICES CREATED?
29. TO BE ELIGIBLE TO ELECTION AS A MEMBER OF THE UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, A PERSON MUST HAVE BEEN A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES FOR HOW MANY YEARS?

ANSWERS

1. EXECUTIVE
2. DUTY ON IMPORTS, X MONEY PAID TO A GOVERNMENT,
CABS
3. CHIEF LAWMAKING BODY OF THE UNITED STATES
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OF THE UNITED STATES
X CHIEF JUDICIAL BODY OF THE NATION
CHIEF LEGISLATIVE BODY OF THE UNITED STATES
4. SENATE
5. EXECUTIVE, X LEGISLATIVE, JUDICIAL
6. TRANSPORTATION LAWS COURT DECISIONS
X PEACE AT HOME
7. X POPULATION STATE LEGISLATION PROVISION
OF TWO PER STATE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PASSED IN
1960
8. YES
9. SIX YEARS
10. RIGHTS RESERVED THE STATES, EXECUTIVE ORDERS
POWER TO MAKE LAWS, X AUTHORITY OF THE COURTS
11. ALL STATES, X THREE FOURTHS OF THE STATE, CONGRESS
12. REPRESENTATIVE
13. GROUP OF STATES, LAWMAKING BODY, X HIGHEST LAW OF
THE LAND
14. EXECUTIVE
15. YES
16. CONGRESS
17. FOUR YEARS
18. CONGRESS
19. THE CONSTITUTION
20. SENATE
21. YES
22. MAJORITY
23. CONGRESS
24. BY A TWO THIRD VOTE
25. YES
26. IMPEACHMENT
27. TEN YEARS
28. CONGRESS
29. SEVEN YEARS

30. WHAT IS THE ILLEGAL COPYING OR REPRODUCTION OF SECURITIES OR COIN OF THE UNITED STATES CALLED?
31. HOW OLD MUST A PERSON BE BEFORE HE CAN SERVE AS A MEMBER OF THE UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES?
32. THE CONSTITUTION PROVIDES FOR TAKING PRIVATE PROPERTY FOR _____ USE?
33. FEDERAL COURTS, IN ADDITION TO THE SUPREME COURT, MAY BE ESTABLISHED BY _____?
34. A UNITED STATES CITIZEN WHO ASSISTS IN LEVYING WAR AGAINST HIS COUNTRY CAN BE CHARGED WITH _____?
35. IN COUNTING POPULATION TO DETERMINE REPRESENTATION IN THE UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES FOR ANY STATE, ALL PERSONS ARE COUNTED _____ (NOT TAXED).
36. TO SERVE AS PRESIDENT A PERSON MUST BE _____ YEARS OLD.
37. WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING CANNOT LEGALLY AFFECT THE RIGHT OF A PERSON TO HOLD PUBLIC OFFICE IN THE UNITED STATES?
38. NAME TWO OFFENSES FOR WHICH A PERSON MAY BE REMOVED FROM ANY FEDERAL OFFICE.
39. WHO CREATES ADDITIONAL FEDERAL COURTS AS NEEDED: THE SUPREME COURT, THE PRESIDENT OR CONGRESS?
40. IF A PERSON IS ACCUSED OF A CRIME, DOES HE HAVE THE RIGHT TO HEAR THE WITNESSES AGAINST HIM?
41. WHAT PORTION OF THE SENATE MUST AGREE BEFORE A PERSON CAN BE CONVICTED AT AN IMPEACHMENT TRIAL?
42. WHO CAN REQUEST FEDERAL ASSISTANCE FOR PROTECTION AGAINST DOMESTIC VIOLENCE?
43. NAME ONE TYPE OF COMMERCE WHICH CONGRESS HAS POWER TO REGULATE?
44. IF PERSONS FEEL THAT A GOVERNMENT IS NOT TREATING THEM FAIRLY, WHAT METHOD OF PROTEST IS PROVIDED BY PART 3, ABOVE, OF THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION.
45. NAME TWO OF THE PURPOSES OF THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION
46. CONGRESS IS COMPOSED OF A _____?
47. NAME ONE DUTY OF THE PRESIDENT TO CONGRESS _____
48. TO WHOM DO POWERS NOT DELEGATED BY THE CONSTITUTION TO THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT BELONG?
49. WHAT IS THE MINIMUM NUMBER OF REPRESENTATIVES TO WHICH A STATE IS ENTITLED IN THE UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES?

ANSWERS PART 1

- 30: COUNTERFEITING
- 31: TWENTY-FIVE YEARS
- 32: PUBLIC
- 33: CONGRESS
- 34: TREASON
- 35: INDIANS
- 36: THIRTY-FIVE YEARS
- 37: _____ PLACE OF BIRTH _____ X _____ RELIGIOUS BELIEFS
_____ CONVICTION OF CRIME
- 38: TREASON AND BRIBERY
- 39: CONGRESS
- 40: YES
- 41: TWO-THIRD
- 42: LEGISLATIVE AND EXECUTIVE
- 43: INTERSTATE
- 44: TO PETITION THE GOVERNMENT FOR A REDRESS OF GRIEVANCE
- 45: TO FORM A MORE PERFECT UNION, TO ESTABLISH JUSTICE, PROVIDE
FOR THE COMMON DEFENSE.
- 46: SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
- 47: INFORM CONGRESS AS TO THE STATE OF THE UNION.
- 48: THE STATES
- 49: ONE

PART II

1. WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE IN A CRIMINAL OFFENSE AND A CIVIL OFFENSE?
2. WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE IN PETTY LARCENY AND GRAND LARCENY?
3. IS IT UNLAWFUL AND CAN YOU BE PUNISHED FOR DRIVING AN AUTOMOBILE IN ONE STATE BEARING THE LICENSE TAG OF ANOTHER STATE?
4. IS IT NECESSARY FOR A POLICE OFFICER, IN ORDER TO ARREST A PERSON, TO IDENTIFY HIMSELF, STATE THE CHARGE AGAINST THE PERSON TO BE ARRESTED AND THEN STATE THAT THE PERSON IS THEN UNDER ARREST?
5. WHEN A PERSON HAS BEEN ARRESTED AND COMMITTED TO JAIL DOES HE HAVE THE RIGHT TO CONTACT COUNSEL?
6. SAME AS #5, AND DOES HE HAVE THE RIGHT TO BAIL?
7. DOES A PERSON, CHARGED WITH COMMITTING A FELONY, HAVE THE RIGHT TO COUNSEL?
8. DOES A PERSON, CHARGED WITH COMMITTING A MISDEMEANOR, HAVE THE RIGHT TO COUNSEL?
9. DO YOU HAVE A RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN EVERY CASE?
10. IN ORDER THAT A CHILD MAY BE ADOPTED IS IT NECESSARY THAT PROCEEDINGS BE HELD IN THE PROBATE COURT?
11. WHAT IS THE MEANING OF RATAAPPORTIONMENT?
12. WHAT ARE THE COMMON UNITS OF A POLITICAL PARTY?
13. HOW ARE JURORS SELECTED?
14. WHAT IS MORAL TURPITUDE?
15. HOW IS A JURY COMMISSION APPOINTED?
16. DOES EVERY VOTE COUNT IN ALL ELECTIONS?
17. HOW ARE COURT SYSTEMS IN A STATE DIVIDED?
18. WHAT IS MEANT BY REFERENDUM?
19. WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN A PRIMARY RUN-OFF AND GENERAL ELECTION?
20. WHAT ARE THE GENERAL PROCEDURES USED BY A PROSPECTIVE CANDIDATE TO RUN FOR PUBLIC OFFICE?
21. WHO APPOINTS POLL OFFICIALS FOR AN ELECTION AND HOW ARE THEY SELECTED?
22. WHAT SAFEGUARDS ARE PROVIDED TO ASSURE A FAIR ELECTION AND TO PREVENT FRAUD IN TALLYING THE VOTES CAST?
23. WHAT IS MEANT BY BALANCE OF POWER?
24. WHAT IS THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE?
25. HOW CAN PERSONS HAVING BEEN CONVICTED OF A FELONY HAVE THEIR CITIZENSHIP RESTORED?

ANSWERS PART 2

1. VIOLATION OF LAW AGAINST THE PUBLIC IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE, WHEREAS A CIVIL OFFENSE IS A PRIVATE GRIEVANCE BETWEEN PERSONS THAT COURT WILL RESOLVE BY GIVING MONEY DAMAGES.
2. PETTY LARCENY IS THE WILFUL TAKING OF PROPERTY OF ANOTHER WITH A VALUE LESS THAN \$5.00.
3. THE ANSWER IS NO; HOWEVER, WHERE YOU INTEND TO RESIDE IN THE STATE AND YOUR RESIDENCE HAS BEEN MORE THAN 30 DAYS, THIS IS UNLAWFUL AND IS PUNISHABLE.
4. YES
5. YES
6. YES, EXCEPT IN CAPITAL CASES WHERE BAIL IS NOT A MATTER OF RIGHT BUT IS DISCRETIONARY WITH THE HEARING JUDGE.
7. YES. IF IT APPEARS THAT THE DEFENDANT CANNOT FINANCIALLY EMPLOY A LAWYER, THE COURT MUST APPOINT A LAWYER TO REPRESENT HIM.
8. A PERSON CHARGED WITH A MISDEMEANOR HAS NO RIGHT TO HAVE COUNSEL APPOINTED TO REPRESENT HIM. HE MAY, AS IN ANY CASE, EMPLOY COUNSEL TO REPRESENT HIM.
9. NO. THERE ARE SOME CIVIL CASES WHERE TRIAL BY JURY IS NOT OFFERED. ALL FELONY CASES ARE TRIABLE BY JURY BUT MISDEMEANOR CASES ARE NOT.
10. YES. MANY PEOPLE ARE OF THE IMPRESSION THAT A CHILD MAY BE ADOPTED BY HAVING THE CHILD LIVE WITH THEM. THIS IS NOT SO. THE PROBATE COURT, AFTER PROPER INVESTIGATION BY THE WELFARE AGENCY, MUST MAKE AN ORDER OF ADOPTION.
11. RE=APPORTIONMENT IS THE EQUALIZATION OF REPRESENTATION IN A POLITICAL UNIT, THAT IS, IN ALABAMA BECAUSE OF POPULATION CENTERS, THE CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS HAVE BEEN CHANGED IN ORDER THAT EACH CONGRESSMAN WILL REPRESENT NEARLY THE SAME NUMBER OF PEOPLE. THE UNDERLYING THOUGHT BEING THAT EACH VOTER IN EACH DISTRICT WILL CAST A VOTE THAT HAS EQUAL WEIGHT WITH THE VOTE OF ANOTHER PERSON IN ANOTHER DISTRICT.
12. STATE WIDE, A PARTY IS USUALLY GOVERNED BY AN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE COMPOSED MEMBERS ELECTED FROM VARIOUS COUNTY UNITS OF THE STATE.

QUESTIONS CONCERNING YOUR LOCAL AND STATE FUNCTIONS:

1. WHAT ARE THE REQUIREMENTS TO BE ELIGIBLE TO REGISTER IN YOUR STATE AS TO, (A) AGE _____ (B) RESIDENCE _____ (C) CITIZENSHIP.
2. WHERE MUST WE GO TO MAKE APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION?
A. _____
3. WHAT DAYS AND HOURS ARE THE REGISTRATION BOOKS OPEN?
A. _____
4. ARE THE REGISTRATION BOOKS EVER CARRIED INTO THE COMMUNITIES?
A. _____
5. WHEN AND WHERE ARE THE REGISTRATION BOOKS BROUGHT INTO THE COMMUNITIES? A. _____
6. ARE DEPUTY REGISTRARS LOCATED IN THE COMMUNITIES?
A. _____
7. WHEN DO THE BOOKS CLOSE PRIOR TO AN ELECTION?
A. _____
8. ARE ANY PROVISIONS MADE FOR A TRANSFER OF REGISTRATION FROM ONE COUNTY TO ANOTHER? FROM ONE STATE TO ANOTHER?
9. HOW IS THE LOCAL POLITICAL PARTY CONSTRUCTED?
A. _____
10. HOW MAY A PERSON QUALIFY AS A CANDIDATE FOR PUBLIC OFFICE?
A. _____
11. HOW CLOSE TO THE POLLING BOX MAY A WORKER FOR A CANDIDATE BE STATIONED ON ELECTION DAY?
A. _____
12. WHAT IS MEANT BY A SPLIT BALLOT?
A. _____
13. IS "SINGLE SHOT" VOTING PERMITTED IN YOUR STATE?
A. _____
14. WHAT TIME DO THE POLLS OPEN AND CLOSE IN YOUR COUNTY?
A. _____
15. WHAT ARE LAWS PERTAINING TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTING OF CANDIDATES OF FUNDS COLLECTED AND SPENT FOR A CAMPAIGN?
A. _____
16. WHY ARE POLL WATCHERS NECESSARY AND WHAT ARE THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES?
A. _____

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ANSWERS PART 2

13. GRAND JURY - PERSONS THAT ARE REGISTERED VOTERS, THAT ARE REGULARLY EMPLOYED, THAT ARE OF GOOD CHARACTER AND HAVE NOT BEEN CONVICTED OF FELONIES INVOLVING MORAL TURPITUDE, ARE SELECTED BY THE JURY COMMISSION TO SIT AS A COUNCIL OF PEERS. THEY ARE USUALLY CALLED ON TO DETERMINE IF STATE CRIMINAL LAWS HAVE BEEN VIOLATED AND IF SO, SHOULD THE VIOLATOR BE TRIED. GRAND JURORS ALSO MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING THE OPERATION OF COUNTY AGENCIES.

PETIT JURIES - THESE ARE THE JURIES MOST COMMONLY KNOWN. THEY ARE CALLED UPON TO JUDGE INNOCENCE OR GUILT IN CRIMINAL CASES AND FREEDOM FROM LIABILITY IN CIVIL CASES.

14. MORAL TURPITUDE IS CONSIDERED THE VIOLATION OF CERTAIN LAWS IN A STATE THAT IMPLY THAT LOW CHARACTER OR DEGENERATE ACTIONS ARE NECESSARY TO BE PRESENT, THAT IS, PETIT LARCENY, GRAND LARCENY AND ALL FORMS OF THEFT.

15. THERE ARE USUALLY 3 TO 5 PEOPLE ON THE COMMISSION. THEY ARE APPOINTED BY A GOVERNMENTAL GROUP COMPOSED OF, USUALLY, THE COUNTY GOVERNING BODY.

16. YES. IT IS ASSUMED THAT BECAUSE MOST STATES AND POLITICAL UNITS HAVE BEEN REAPPOINTED THAT EACH VOTER WILL HAVE EQUAL STRENGTH WITH EVERY OTHER. THEREFORE, EVERY VOTE HAS EQUAL STRENGTH. A VOTE NOT CAST FOR THE VOTERS CHOICE CANDIDATE MAY BE CONSIDERED A VOTE AGAINST HIM.

17. INFERIOR. THERE ARE USUALLY CONSIDERED COURTS SUCH AS, RECORDER'S COURT, TRAFFIC COURT, MISDEMEANOR COURTS, AND CIVIL COURTS HAVING MONEY, JURISDICTION UNDER THAT OF THE CIRCUIT OR STATE COURT.

18. A REFERENDUM IS AN AT LARGE VOTE BY ALL OF THE ELECTORS IN A GIVEN AREA ON A PROPOSITION OF LAW THAT WILL AFFECT THOSE ELECTORS IN THE GIVEN AREA. ILLUSTRATION, A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PASSED BY THE STATE LEGISLATURE MUST BE VOTED ON BY THE VOTERS OF THAT STATE BEFORE IT BECOMES LAW.

19. A PRIMARY IS AN ELECTION HELD BY A POLITICAL PARTY FOR THE PURPOSE OF SELECTING, BY VOTE, ITS CANDIDATES TO RUN IN THE GENERAL ELECTION. - ONLY MEMBERS OF THAT PARTY HOLDING THE PRIMARY ARE SUPPOSED TO VOTE, (B) A RUN-OFF IS AN ELECTION HELD AFTER A PRIMARY OR OTHER ELECTION BETWEEN THE TWO CANDIDATES RECEIVING THE HIGHEST NUMBER OF VOTES, (C) - THE GENERAL ELECTION IS THE ELECTION HELD BETWEEN POLITICAL PARTY CANDIDATES AFTER THEY HAVE BECOME CANDIDATES EITHER BY PRIMARY ELECTION OR CONVENTION NOMINATION.

20. WHERE THE PROSPECTIVE CANDIDATE INTENDS TO RUN AS A MEMBER OF A POLITICAL PARTY THAT SELECTS BY PRIMARY ELECTION, THE PROSPECTIVE CANDIDATE MUST FILE WITH THE PARTY SECRETARY, AND PROBATE JUDGE PAPERS SIGNIFYING HIS INTENTION TO RUN AN AFFIDAVIT OF OFFICE HOLDING QUALIFICATION AND COMPLIANCE WITH FUND RAISING REQUIREMENTS. HE MUST, ALSO, PAY A FEE TO THE PARTY SECRETARY TO BE CERTIFIED AND HAVE HIS NAME PLACED ON THE BALLOT.

... WHERE THE CANDIDATE RUNS FROM A PARTY HOLDING CONVENTION NOMINEES, THE CANDIDATE MUST BE VOTED AS THE PARTY NOMINEE BY THE CONVENTION.

21. **NON-PARTISAN ELECTIONS** - POLL OFFICIALS ARE SELECTED BY THE ELECTION COMMISSION IN CHARGE OF THE ELECTION. (B) **PARTISAN PRIMARIES** - POLL OFFICIALS ARE SELECTED BY PARTY OFFICIALS. THE SELECTIONS ARE MADE FROM PEOPLE THAT ARE LOYAL AND ACTIVE PARTY WORKERS. (C) **GENERAL ELECTIONS** - POLL OFFICIALS ARE USUALLY CHOSEN BY A GENERAL ELECTION COMMISSION. USUALLY THE ELECTION COMMISSION IS COMPOSED OF PARTY MEMBERS OF THE PARTY IN POWER AND THE SELECTIONS ARE MADE SIMILARLY AS THOSE IN PARTISAN ELECTIONS.

22. ALL STATE LAWS AND FEDERAL LAWS REGARDING ELECTIONS ALLOW FOR SELECTION OF POLL WATCHERS BY EACH CANDIDATE RUNNING FOR OFFICE. IN ADDITION, THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT SOMETIMES HAS OBSERVERS AT VARIOUS POLLING PLACES AND THE LOCAL SHERIFF ANSWERS COMPLAINTS INVOLVING ELECTION PROCEDURES.

EACH CANDIDATE IS ALLOWED A PERSON TO WATCH THE COUNTING OF VOTES. ALL VOTES CAST IN A PARTICULAR AREA ARE COUNTED IN ONE PLACE WHERE THE WATCHERS ARE ALLOWED TO OBSERVE.

23. THIS IS A POLITICAL TERM USED TO SIGNIFY A NUMBER OF VOTES THAT, IF CAST, WILL DETERMINE THE OUTCOME OF AN ELECTION. ILLUSTRATION: WHERE THERE ARE THREE CANDIDATES RUNNING FOR OFFICE AND THAT CANDIDATE RECEIVES 40 PER CENT OF THE VOTES CAST AND THE OTHER TWO CANDIDATES RECEIVE, EQUALLY, THE REMAINING VOTES CAST, THE CANDIDATE RECEIVING THE FORTY PER CENT WINS THE ELECTION.

24. THIS IS A TERM USED TO IDENTIFY THOSE PERSONS WHAT ARE ELECTED FROM EACH STATE TO CAST THE NUMBER OF VOTES IN A PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION THAT THE STATE IS ENTITLED. EACH STATE HAS AN EQUAL NUMBER OF ELECTORAL VOTES AS THERE ARE CONGRESSMEN AND SENATORS FROM THE STATE. THE ELECTORAL VOTES DETERMINE WHO IS TO BE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, NOT THE POPULAR VOTE. IT IS POSSIBLE THAT A CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT WILL RECEIVE FEWER POPULAR VOTES THAN HIS OPPOSITION AND MORE ELECTORAL VOTES AND THEREBY WIN THE OFFICE.

25. A PERSON CONVICTED OF A FELONY CAN ONLY HAVE HIS CITIZENSHIP RESTORED BY RECEIVING FROM THE GOVERNOR OF THAT STATE, A FULL PARDON OF HIS PAST CONVICTION. IT IS NOT A MATTER OF RIGHT BUT IS DISCRETIONARY WITH THE GOVERNOR ACTING THROUGH THE BOARD OF PARDONS AND REFORMS.

QUESTIONS CONCERNING YOUR LOCAL AND STATE FUNCTIONS:

1. WHAT ARE THE REQUIREMENTS TO BE ELIGIBLE TO REGISTER IN YOUR STATE AS TO, (A) AGE _____ (B) RESIDENCE _____ (C) CITIZENSHIP.
2. WHERE MUST WE GO TO MAKE APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION?
A. _____
3. WHAT DAYS AND HOURS ARE THE REGISTRATION BOOKS OPEN?
A. _____
4. ARE THE REGISTRATION BOOKS EVER CARRIED INTO THE COMMUNITIES?
A. _____
5. WHEN AND WHERE ARE THE REGISTRATION BOOKS BROUGHT INTO THE COMMUNITIES? A. _____
6. ARE DEPUTY REGISTRARS LOCATED IN THE COMMUNITIES?
A. _____
7. WHEN DO THE BOOKS CLOSE PRIOR TO AN ELECTION?
A. _____
8. ARE ANY PROVISIONS MADE FOR A TRANSFER OF REGISTRATION FROM ONE COUNTY TO ANOTHER? FROM ONE STATE TO ANOTHER?
9. HOW IS THE LOCAL POLITICAL PARTY CONSTRUCTED?
A. _____
10. HOW MAY A PERSON QUALIFY AS A CANDIDATE FOR PUBLIC OFFICE?
A. _____
11. HOW CLOSE TO THE POLLING BOX MAY A WORKER FOR A CANDIDATE BE STATIONED ON ELECTION DAY?
A. _____
12. WHAT IS MEANT BY A SPLIT BALLOT?
A. _____
13. IS "SINGLE SHOT" VOTING PERMITTED IN YOUR STATE?
A. _____
14. WHAT TIME DO THE POLLS OPEN AND CLOSE IN YOUR COUNTY?
A. _____
15. WHAT ARE LAWS PERTAINING TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTING OF CANDIDATES OF FUNDS COLLECTED AND SPENT FOR A CAMPAIGN?
A. _____
16. WHY ARE POLL WATCHERS NECESSARY AND WHAT ARE THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES?
A. _____

QUESTION AND ANSWERS

1. What is the chief executive of Alabama called? (Governor)
2. Are Post Offices operated by state or federal Government? (Federal Government)
3. What is the name of the President of the United States? (Lyndon B. Johnson)
4. To what national lawmaking body does each state send senators and representatives? (Congress)
5. How many senators from each state are in the United States Senate? (Two Senators)
6. The President of the United States is elected for a term of how many years? (Four Years)
7. What is the name of the governor of Alabama? (George C. Wallace)
8. Of what political party is the president of the United States a member? (Democrat)
9. What is the lawmaking body of the United States called? (Congress)
10. The Constitution of the United States provided that Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof. (True or False) (True)
11. Name one of the United States senators from Alabama. (John Sparkman)
12. When residents of a city elect their officials, the voting is called a municipal Election. (True or False) (True)
13. What is the lawmaking body of Alabama called? (Legislature)
14. Those who shall be convicted of any crime punishable by imprisonment in the state penitentiary shall be disqualified from voting in Alabama. (True or False) (True)
15. How many states are in the United States? (Fifty)
16. What city is the capital of the United States? (Washington, D. C.)
17. What city or county is the court house located in? (Montgomery County)
18. What is the Chief Executive of the United States called? (President)
19. Who assumes the duties of the presidency in the event of the death of the president of the United States? (Vice-President)
20. Where are our coins made? (Philadelphia and Denver Mints)
21. What are the two major political parties of our country? (Democrat and Republican)
22. What determines the number of representatives that each state should send to the House of Representatives? (Population of the State)
23. How many representatives are there in the House of Representatives from the State of Alabama? (Eight)
24. How many members are there in the House of Representatives? (435)

Sample

Sample

Insert Part III (5)

(The following questions shall be answered by the applicant without assistance.)

1. What is the chief executive of Alabama called? Governor
2. Are post offices operated by the state or federal government?
Federal Government
3. What is the name of the president of the United States?
Lyndon B. Johnson
4. To what national lawmaking body does each state send senators and representatives? Congress

Instructions "A"

The applicant will complete the remainder of this questionnaire before a Board member and at his instructions. The Board member shall have the applicant read any one or more of the following excerpts from the U. S. Constitution using a duplicate form of this Insert Part III. The Board member shall keep in his possession the application with its inserted Part III and shall mark thereon the words missed in reading by the applicant.

EXCERPTS FROM THE CONSTITUTION

1. "The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized."
2. "Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed."
3. "Treason against the United States, shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort."
4. "The senators and representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this constitution."

INSTRUCTIONS "B"

The Board member shall then have the applicant write several words, or more if necessary to make a judicial determination of his ability to write. The writing shall be placed below so that it becomes a part of the application. If the writing is illegible, the Board member shall write in parentheses beneath the writing the words the applicant was asked to write.

HAVE APPLICANT WRITE HERE, DICTATING WORDS FROM THE CONSTITUTION

Signature of Applicant _____